MONOSPACED FONTS WERE WIDELY USED IN EARLY COMPUTERS AND COMPUTER TERMINALS, which often had extremely limited graphical capabilities. Hardware implementation was simplified by using a monospaced font as the default typeface. This increases the readability of source code, which is often heavily reliant on distinctions involving individual symbols, and makes it easy to distinguish between letters more unambiguously in situations like password entry boxes where typing mistakes are unacceptable. Monospaced fonts are also used in terminal emulation and for laying out tabulated data in plain text documents. In technical manuals and resources for programming languages, a monospaced font is often used to distinguish code from natural language text. It is also used in disassemblers when it outputs the information when an instruction has been executed sorted in columns so that they line up.